

Brandesburton Primary School

Accessibility Policy



School Aims

In our school everybody should work constantly to develop a purposeful and quality environment, well ordered for work and free from unnecessary interruption and intimidation. We believe this environment is necessary to create a broad and balanced curriculum where everybody has opportunities to achieve their own personal best. We believe our school aims will develop us; spiritually, morally, socially and culturally and thus prepare us for the next challenges and opportunities in our lives.

Brandesburton Primary School is committed to providing an accessible environment which values and includes all pupils, staff, parents and visitors, regardless of their education, physical, sensory, social, spiritual, emotional and cultural needs. We are committed to challenging negative attitudes about disability and accessibility and to developing a culture of awareness, tolerance and inclusion. We plan, over time, to ensure the accessibility of provision for all pupils, staff and visitors to the school and an Accessibility Plan will be drawn up to address this.

Introduction

The Equality Act 2010 replaced all existing equality legislation including the Race Relations Act, Disability Discrimination Act and Sex Discrimination Act. It consolidated this legislation and extended protection from discrimination. It is unlawful for Brandesburton Primary School to discriminate against a person by treating them less favourably because of a 'protected characteristic' (as defined at section 2).

The Public Sector Equality Duty, which is part of the Equality Act, came into force on 6 April 2011. It requires all public bodies, including schools, when carrying out their day to day work, to have due regard to the need to:

- Eliminate discrimination and other conduct that is prohibited by the Act.
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.
- Foster good relations across all characteristics – between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.

Having due regard for advancing equality involves:

- Removing or minimising disadvantages suffered by people due to their protected characteristics.
- Taking steps to meet the needs of people from protected groups where these are different from the needs of other people.
- Encouraging people from protected groups to participate in public life or in other activities where their participation is disproportionately low.

This includes pupils and staff.

Statutory Requirements: The Specific Duties

Brandesburton Primary School has a duty to make **reasonable adjustments** for pupils with a disability. The DfE non-statutory guidance states that this duty can be summarised as follows:

- Where a disabled pupil is placed at a disadvantage compared to other pupils then the school must take reasonable adjustments to try and reduce/remove the disadvantage.
- Schools will be expected to provide an auxiliary aid or service for a disabled pupil when it would be reasonable to do so, and if such an aid would alleviate any substantial disadvantage, that the pupil faces in comparison to non-disabled pupils.

- Schools are not subject to the other reasonable adjustment duty to make alterations to physical features, because this is already considered as part of their planning duties.

2. Definitions

Protected Characteristics - It is unlawful for us to discriminate against a pupil, prospective pupil, parent, member of staff by treating them less favourably because of their

- Age
- Disability
- Gender
- Gender reassignment
- Race
- Religion, faith or belief including lack of belief
- Sexual orientation
- Marriage and civil partnership
- Pregnancy and maternity

This includes:

- Admissions
- The way education is provided to pupils
- The way pupils are able to access any benefit, facility or service
- Excluding a pupil or subjecting them to any other detriment

Disability - as when a person has a 'physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long term adverse effect on that person's ability to carry out normal day to day activities.' Some specified medical conditions, such as HIV, multiple sclerosis and some cancers are considered as disabilities, regardless of their effect.

Long Term Disability - is defined as lasting, or likely to last, for at least 12 months.

Disability Special Provision - we will treat disabled pupils more favourably than non-disabled pupils by making reasonable adjustments to put them on a more level footing with pupils without disabilities, either through reasonable practices or auxiliary aids and services. This will be complemented by our Accessibility Plans.

Reasonable adjustments Factors we may consider when assessing the reasonableness of an adjustment may include the financial or other resources required for the adjustment, its effectiveness, its effect on other pupils, health and safety requirements and whether aids have been made available through the Special Educational Needs route. Cost will be a factor in determining what is reasonable.

We will generally try to ensure that disabled pupils can play as full a part as possible in school life and the reasonable adjustments duty will help support this. However, there will be times when adjustments cannot be made because to do so would have a detrimental effect on our other pupils and would, therefore, not be reasonable. For example, if we put on a geography field trip which necessarily involved climbing and walking over rough ground, we would fully consider alternatives to accommodate a disabled pupil in a wheelchair. However, after it had been determined that there was no viable alternative or way of enabling the disabled pupil to participate or be involved, we would not have to cancel the trip as originally planned. This is unlikely to constitute direct discrimination or failure to make a reasonable adjustment.

Many pupils with a disability will have an EHC plan and auxiliary aids provided by East Riding of Yorkshire Council and so may not require anything further. However, if the disabled pupil does not have an EHC Plan (or the plan does not provide the necessary aid), then the duty to consider reasonable adjustments and provide such auxiliary aids will fall to the school.

Accessibility Plans are implemented to ensure that:

- the extent to which disabled pupils can participate in the curriculum is increased

- the physical environment of the school is improved to enable disabled pupils to take better advantage of education, benefits, facilities and services provided
- the availability of accessible information to disabled pupils is improved

Parents - Any reference to a parent in this policy is a wide reference (as in education law generally) not only to a pupil's birth parents, but to adoptive, step and foster parents, or other persons who have parental responsibility for, or who have care of, a pupil.

Staff includes teaching and non-teaching staff.

3. Responsibilities

This Accessibility Policy and Plan are drawn up in compliance with current legislation and requirements as specified in Schedule 10, relating to Disability, of the Equality Act 2010.

School Governors are accountable for ensuring;

- implementation
- that regard is given to the need to provide adequate resources for the implementation.
- review and reporting on progress is undertaken.

The lead Governor for this is: Mrs E Lee

The head teacher is responsible for:

- Providing accurate and appropriate information to the Governing body to enable them to publish and demonstrate compliance with the Public Sector Equality Duty.
- Making sure that steps are taken to address the school's accessibility plan.
- Making sure that equality and access plans are readily available and that the Governors, staff, pupils, parents and guardians know about them.
- Providing regular information for staff and Governors about progress against the accessibility plan.
- Taking appropriate action in cases of discrimination.

All staff are responsible for:

- Eliminating discrimination and other conduct that is prohibited by the Act.
- Advancing equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.
- Fostering good relations across all characteristics – between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.

Visitors and contractors are responsible for following the Accessibility Policy.

4. Our Accessibility Aims

Brandesburton Primary School plans over time to increase the accessibility of provision for all pupils, staff and visitors to the school.

Our aims are:

1. Increasing the extent to which disabled pupils can participate in the school curriculum and can access the physical environment of the school
2. Improving the delivery of written information to disabled pupils, staff, parents and visitors in an appropriate format.
3. Improving the physical environment of the school to increase the extent to which disabled pupils can take advantage of their education and associated services

Engagement and Consultation

The following people were engaged and consulted upon in the development of this Policy:

Governors
Teaching staff
Non-teaching staff

Monitoring and Evaluating

The Accessibility Policy and Plan will be reviewed regularly and at least every two years. It is structured to complement and support the school's Equality Objectives which are reviewed regularly in accordance with the individual action plan for each objective. New objectives will be set and published at least every three years.

Publishing

In order to ensure that our accessibility plan is easily accessible, we will:

- Publish the plan on the our website
- Highlight the information in our staff meetings
- Ensure a hard copy is available in different formats, when applicable, for those people who are visually impaired
- Ensure translation is available to those people whose English is not their first language if necessary.

5. References

Equality & Human Rights Commission, *The Essential Guide to the Public Sector Equality Duty*, 2011

Department of Education, *Equality Act 2010, Advice for School Leaders, School Staff, Governing Bodies and Local Authorities*, September 2012,

September 2020

Date to be reviewed: September 2021